

Name: _____

Ch. 3-4 Friction and Gravitational Interactions

Pages 150-158

1. A contact force that occurs when 2 surfaces rub against each other is known as _____.
2. Friction acts in the direction _____ to the direction motion.
3. What 2 things affect friction between 2 surfaces:
 - a. _____
 - b. _____
4. How does tread on a tire play a part in riding a mountain bike safely?

5. Smoother surfaces produce _____ friction than rougher surfaces.
6. How does brakes on a tire help to stop a bike rider?

7. **True or False:** Without friction, a moving object will continue to move until it hits another object.
8. When an object rolls across the floor, it will experience _____ friction.
9. When 2 solid surfaces slide over each other, _____ friction occurs.
10. **True or False:** Sliding Friction is much easier to overcome than rolling friction.
11. When objects are resting on a surface, they will experience _____ friction.
12. When is there static friction between your desk chair and the floor?
 - a. When the chair sits still
 - b. When the chair falls to the floor
 - c. When you lift the chair
 - d. When you slide your chair under your desk
13. _____ friction occurs when a solid object moves through a fluid.
14. **True or False:** Air Resistance is a type of fluid friction.
15. Give a real life example of fluid friction.

16. Air, water, and oil are all considered _____.
17. Snow has been lying on a mountainside. Suddenly, it starts to move down the mountain. Explain how the following types of friction are observed in this avalanche. Where does each occur?
 - a. Static Friction:

 - b. Sliding Friction:

 - c. Fluid Friction:

18. Gravity is an example of a _____ force.
19. What did Isaac Newton conclude in reference to gravity?

20. Gravity acts everywhere in the _____.

21. Define the Law of Universal Gravitation.

22. Give a reason why the gravitational attraction between any 2 objects on Earth is much smaller than the attraction between Earth and the object itself.

23. What 2 factors affect gravity?

a. _____

b. _____

24. The more mass an object has, the _____ gravitational force between it and other objects.

25. As distance _____, gravitational force decreases.

26. What is the difference between mass and weight?

27. What is the SI unit for weight? _____

28. The acceleration due to gravity here on Earth is _____.

29. Explain why your mass on Jupiter would be the same as on Earth, but your weight would increase 300 times?

30. Fill in the table below using the data and information from the Math Tool Box on top of Page 156.

| Location | Earth | Moon | Mars | Jupiter |
|-----------------|-------|------|------|---------|
| Mass (kg) | | | | |
| Weight (pounds) | | | | |

31. What is gravitational potential energy?

32. How do you calculate gravitational potential energy?

33. A group of skydivers are riding in a helicopter up to the spot from which they will jump. As they ride upward, their gravitational potential energy _____

a. Decreases

b. Remains constant

c. Increases

d. Changes to kinetic energy

34. Explain how a skydiver falls to the ground safely using a parachute. Be sure to use the following words in your explanation: Gravity, friction, unbalanced forces, air resistance, and terminal velocity.

35. The top speed that is reached when falling through the air and balanced forces are achieved is known as _____.